# Unit 306 Understand health and safety in social care settings

Level: 3

Credit value: 5

NDAQ number: L/602/3178

#### **Unit aim**

This unit is aimed at those who are interested in, or new to, working in a social care setting. It develops learner's knowledge and understanding of areas of health and safety required to working in a social care setting.

# **Learning outcomes**

There are **eleven** learning outcomes to this unit. The learner will be able to:

- 1. Understand the different responsibilities relating to health and safety in social care settings.
- 2. Understand risk assessments and their importance in relation to health and safety.
- 3. Understand procedures for responding to accidents and sudden illness.
- 4. Understand how to reduce spread of infection.
- 5. Understand how to move and handle equipment and other objects safely.
- 6. Understand the principles of assisting and moving an individual.
- 7. Understand how to handle hazardous substances.
- 8. Understand how to promote environmental safety procedures in the social care setting.
- 9. Understand how to manage **stress**.
- 10. Understand procedures regarding **handling medication**.
- 11. Understand how to handle and store food safely.

### **Guided learning hours**

It is recommended that **49** guided learning hours are allocated to this unit, although patterns in delivery are likely to vary.

# Details of the relationship between the unit and relevant national standards

This unit is linked to HSC 32

# Endorsement of the unit by a sector or other appropriate body

This unit is endorsed by Skills for Care and Development

#### Assessment

This unit will be assessed by:

 This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Care and Development's QCF Assessment Principles.

# Unit 306 Understand health and safety in social care settings

Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

# Outcome 1 Understand the different responsibilities relating to health and safety in social care settings

The learner can:

- 1.1 Identify legislation relating to health and safety in a social care setting.
- 1.2 Explain how health and safety policies and procedures protect those in social care settings.
- 1.3 Compare the differences in the main health and safety responsibilities of:
  - a) the social care worker
  - b) the employer or manager
  - c) **others** in the social care setting
- 1.4 Identify situations in which the responsibility for health and safety lies with the **individual**.
- 1.5 Explain why specific **tasks** should only be carried out with specific training.
- 1.6 Explain how to access additional support and information relating to health and safety.

# Outcome 2 Understand risk assessments and their importance in relation to health and safety

The learner can:

- 2.1 Explain why it is important to assess health and safety risks.
- 2.2 Explain the steps to carrying out a risk assessment.
- 2.3 Explain how to address potential health and safety risks identified.
- 2.4 Explain how risk assessment can help address dilemmas between an individual's rights and health and safety concerns.
- 2.5 Explain how to promote health and safety within the social care setting.

# Outcome 3 Understand procedures for responding to accidents and sudden illness

The learner can:

- 3.1 Describe the different types of accidents and sudden illness that may occur in a social care setting.
- 3.2 Explain procedures to be followed if an accident or sudden illness should occur.
- 3.3 Explain why it is important for emergency first aid tasks only to be carried out by qualified first aiders.
- 3.4 Explain the consequences of failing to follow emergency first aid.

# Outcome 4 Understand how to reduce the spread of infection

The learner can:

- 4.1 Describe the routes by which an infection can get into the body.
- 4.2 Explain the following prevention methods:
  - Hand washing
  - Own personal hygiene
  - Encouraging the individual's personal hygiene
- 4.3 Evaluate different types of **personal protective equipment** and how they can prevent the spread of infection.
- 4.4 Explain own role in supporting others to follow practices that reduce the spread of infection.

# Outcome 5 Understand how to move and handle equipment and other objects safely

The learner can:

- 5.1 Describe the main points of legislation that relates to moving and handling.
- 5.2 Explain how following principles for safe moving and handling protects those in the social care setting from injury or harm.
- 5.3 Explain situations that may require additional supports necessary for safer moving and handling.
- 5.4 Explain why it is important for moving and handling tasks to be carried out following specialist training.

# Outcome 6 Understand the principles of assisting and moving an individual

The learner can:

- 6.1 Explain why it is important to have specialist training before assisting and moving an individual.
- 6.2 Explain the potential consequences of assisting and moving an individual without specialist training.
- 6.3 Explain the consequences of not following an individual's **care plan** or fully engaging with them when assisting and moving.

### Outcome 7 Understand how to handle hazardous substances

The learner can:

- 7.1 Describe types of hazardous substances that may be found in the social care setting.
- 7.2 Explain safe practices for:
  - Storing hazardous substances
  - Using hazardous substances
  - Disposing of hazardous substances
- 7.3 Explain the dangers associated with not following these safe practices.

# Outcome 8 Understand how to promote environmental safety procedures in the social care setting

The learner can:

- 8.1 Explain procedures to be followed in the social care setting to prevent:
  - Fire
  - Gas leak
  - Floods
  - Intruding
  - Security breach
- 8.2 Explain procedures to be followed in the social care setting in the event of:
  - Fire
  - Gas leak
  - Floods
  - Intruding
  - Security breach
- 8.3 Explain how you would encourage others to adhere to environmental safety procedures.
- 8.4 Explain the importance of having an emergency plan in place to deal with unforeseen incidents.

# **Outcome 9 Understand how to manage stress**

The learner can:

- 9.1 Describe common signs and indicators of stress.
- 9.2 Describe factors that tend to trigger own stress.
- 9.3 Evaluate strategies for managing stress.

# Outcome 10 Understand procedures regarding handling medication

The learner can:

- 10.1 Describe the main points of agreed procedures about handling medication.
- 10.2 Explain why medication must only be handled following specialist training.
- 10.3 Explain the consequences of handling medication without specialist training.

# Outcome 11 Understand how to handle and store food safely

The learner can:

- 11.1 Describe the main points of food safety standards in a social care setting.
- 11.2 Explain how to:
  - Store food
  - Maximise hygiene when handling food
  - Dispose of food
- 11.3 Explain the potential consequences of not following food safety standards.

### Range

### Policies and procedures

May include agreed ways of working as well as formal policies and procedures

### **Others**

May include:

- Team members
- Other colleagues
- Those who use or commission their own health or social care services
- Families, carers and advocates
- External third parties such as IT specialists

### Individual

Someone requiring care or support

#### **Tasks**

The learner should not carry out without specialist training may include those relating to:

- Use of equipment
- First aid
- Medication
- Assisting and moving
- Emergency procedures
- Food handling and preparation

# Personal protective equipment

Refers to any protective equipment or clothing that an employer must provide where risk have been identified. This may include:

- Gloves
- Aprons
- Masks
- Hair nets

### Care plan

May be known by other names (eg: support plan, individual plan) It is the document where day-to-day requirements and preferences for care and support are detailed.

# **Emergency plan**

Refers to a plan developed to deal with unforeseen circumstances. Such as flooding, and would be developed in collaboration with other agencies such as the local authority, fire and rescue etc

### Stress

Can have positive as well as negative effects, but in this unit the word is used to refer to negative stress

# **Handling medication**

May include:

- Ordering
- Receiving
- Storage
- Administration
- Recording
- disposal